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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO		
10/017,632	12/14/2001	Jonathan F. Hester	56754US002	6407		
32692	7590 05/15/2003					
3M INNOVATIVE PROPERTIES COMPANY			EXAMINER			
PO BOX 33427 ST. PAUL, MN 55133-3427			VO, HAI			
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
			1771			

DATE MAILED: 05/15/2003

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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.,			Application	۱ No.		Applicant(s)		
•			10/017,632	!		HESTER ET AL.	V	
. Office Action Summary			Examiner			Art Unit		
			Hai Vo			1771		
Period for	- The MAILING DATE of this commu r Reply	nication ap	opears on the	cove	sheet with the c	orrespondence ad	ldress	
THE N - Extens after S - If the j - If NO j - Failure - Any re	NATENED STATUTORY PERIOD I MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUN ions of time may be available under the provision IX (b) MONTH's from the mailing date of the rough to the provision of the provision period for reply is specified above, the maximum to reply within the set or extended period for reply ply received by the Office letter than there months patent term adjustment. See 37 OFR 1,704(b).	IICATION is of 37 CFR 1 imunication. (30) days, a restatutory period by will, by statu	.136(a). In no even ply within the statute d will apply and will the, cause the applic	t, howe ory mir expire ation to	ever, may a reply be tin imum of thirty (30) day SIX (6) MONTHS from become ABANDONE	sely filed s will be considered timel the mailing date of this c O (35 U.S.C. § 133).	y. ommunication.	
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) if	iled on <u>24</u>	March 2003 .					
2a)□	This action is FINAL.	2b)⊠ T	This action is n	on-fi	nal.			
3)□ Dispositio	Since this application is in condition closed in accordance with the practon of Claims	on for allow ctice unde	wance except er <i>Ex par</i> te Qu	for fo ayle,	rmal matters, pi 1935 C.D. 11, 4	osecution as to th 53 O.G. 213.	ne merits is	
4)⊠	Claim(s) 29-53 is/are pending in the	e applicat	tion.					
4	la) Of the above claim(s) 37 and 43	3-53 is/are	withdrawn fro	m c	onsideration.			
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠	Claim(s) 29-32,34-36 and 38-42 is/	are reject	ed.					
7)🖂	Claim(s) 33 is/are objected to.							
,—	Claim(s) are subject to restron Papers	iction and/	or election re	quire	ment.			
9)□ T	he specification is objected to by the	ne Examin	ner.					
10)⊠ T	he drawing(s) filed on 14 December	er 2001 is/	/are: a)⊠ acce	pted	or b) objected	o by the Examine	r.	
	Applicant may not request that any ol	ojection to t	the drawing(s) b	e hel	d in abeyance. S	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a).		
11)□ T	he proposed drawing correction file	ed on	is: a)□ ap	prove	ed b) disappro	ved by the Examin	er.	
	If approved, corrected drawings are n	equired in r	eply to this Offi	ce ac	tion.			
12)□ T	he oath or declaration is objected t	o by the E	Examiner.					
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
13)	Acknowledgment is made of a clair	n for foreig	gn priority und	er 3	U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).		
a)[☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:							
	1. Certified copies of the priority	y documer	nts have been	rece	ived.			
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
	Copies of the certified copies application from the Interest the attached detailed Office actions.	national B	Bureau (PCT F	Rule 1	17.2(a)).		Stage	
	cknowledgment is made of a claim				•		Lannlication)	
	The translation of the foreign la						ppoconj.	
	cknowledgment is made of a claim							
Attachment	•							
2) Notice	of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (aution Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449)					r (PTO-413) Paper No Patent Application (PT		
S. Patent and Tra	idemark Office r. 04-01)	Office	Action Summary	,		Part of Paper No. 6		

Application/Control Number: 10/017,632

Art Unit: 1771

Election/Restrictions

- 1. Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:
 - Claims 29-36, 38-42, drawn to a layered sheet, classified in class 428, subclass 304.4+.
 - II. Claims 37, 43 and 53, drawn to a process for removal of organic substances, classified in class 210, subclass various.
 - III. Claims 44-52, drawn to a layered sheet construction, classified in class 435, subclass various.
- 2. The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons: Inventions I and III are related as mutually exclusive species in an intermediate-final product relationship. Distinctness is proven for claims in this relationship if the intermediate product is useful to make other than the final product (MPEP § 806.04(b), 3rd paragraph), and the species are patentably distinct (MPEP § 806.04(h)). In the instant case, the intermediate product is deemed to be useful as a smoke evacuator and the inventions are deemed patentably distinct since there is nothing on this record to show them to be obvious variants. Should applicant traverse on the ground that the species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions anticipated by the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.

Application/Control Number: 10/017,632

Art Unit: 1771

Inventions I and II are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). The process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product such as a gas delivery layer comprising a base having a side on which there is a single channel instead of a plurality of channels through which gas can be conveyed to the gas permeable, water impermeable layer.

Inventions III and II are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). The process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product such as a gas delivery layer comprising a base having a side on which there is a single channel instead of a plurality of channels through which gas can be conveyed to the gas permeable, water impermeable layer.

Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art because of their recognized divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

Application/Control Number: 10/017,632

Art Unit: 1771

3. During a telephone conversation with Douglas B. Little on 05/02/2003 a provisional election was made with traverse to prosecute the invention of Group I, claims 29-36, 38-42. Affirmation of this election must be made by applicant in replying to this Office action. Claims 37, 43-53 are withdrawn from further consideration by the examiner, 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a non-elected invention.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:
A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treat in the Enalish lanouage.

5. Claims 29, 30, and 36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by McKeown (US 4,416,993). McKeown discloses a cell culture device comprising at least one gas permeable, water impermeable membrane 16 and a gas delivery layer 11 proximate the gas permeable, water impermeable membrane 16 (column 2, lines 29-33). The gas delivery layer 11 comprises a plurality of baffles 42 forming a plurality of flow channels through which gas can be conveyed to the membrane 16 (figure 9, column 3, lines 30-35). The membrane 16 is microporous PTFE (column 2, line 33). An aerobic biomass 20

Application/Control Number: 10/017,632

Art Unit: 1771

(figure 3) forms on the external wall of the plates (column 2, lines 50-52). It is the examiner's position that McKeown anticipates the claimed subject matter.

6. Claims 29, 30, 32, 35 and 36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Cote et al (US 6,558,549). Cote discloses a membrane module comprising at least one gas permeable, water impermeable membrane 12 and a gas delivery layer 14 proximate the gas permeable, water impermeable membrane 12 (figures 1 and 2). The gas delivery layer 14 comprises inlet conduit 16 and an out let conduit 18 through which gas can be conveyed to the membrane 12 (column 6, lines 33-40). The membrane 12 is made of porous fabric coated with a gas permeable layer (column 6, lines 19-21). The membrane 12 can be made of microporous PTFE (column 6, lines 26-28). The membrane 112 is folded around the spacer 114 and fastened to itself with a line of stitching 122(column 8, lines 26-30). The membrane and the gas delivery layer together form a planar element. An aerobic biofilm is adjacent the planar element (abstract). Figure 11 shows the apparatus is wound into a helix. It is the examiner's position that Cote anticipates the claimed subject matter.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

7. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

⁽a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior at are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Application/Control Number: 10/017,632

Art Unit: 1771

8. Claim 34 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over McKeown (US 4,416,993) or Cote et al (US 6,558,549) in view of Rinker et al (US 4,333,779). Neither McKeown nor Cote discloses or suggests the microporous membrane having a surface that is either one or both of undulated or corrugated in shape. Rinker discloses an apparatus for manufacturing a biooxidation and nitrification module useful in treating sewage comprising alternating flat sheets and corrugated sheets to provide a large surface area upon which micro-organism can grow and further avoid straight "fall through" of the waste water through the module (abstract, column 1, lines 11-15, 36-42). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use a microporous membrane having a corrugated surface motivated by the desire to provide a large surface area upon which micro-organism can grow and further avoid straight "fall through" of the waste water through the apparatus.

9. Claim 31 and 38-42 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over McKeown (US 4,416,993) in view of EP 526 823. McKeown discloses the plate (gas delivery layer) 11 made of a microporous material such as PTFE laminated with a woven nylon fabric (abstract, column 2, lines 34-36). McKeown is silent as to a fluoropolymer coating onto the porous membrane 16. EP'823 discloses a porous PTFE article for diffusing gas into aqueous liquids having surfaces coated with the fluoropolymer composition to provide heat and chemical resistance (abstract, page 7, lines 19-21). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to apply a

Application/Control Number: 10/017,632

Art Unit: 1771

coating of fluoropolymer on the surface of the microporous membrane of McKeown motivated by the desire to increase heat and chemical resistance of the membrane.

10. Claim 31 and 38-42 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Cote et al (US 6,558,549) in view of EP 526 823. Cote discloses a spacer (gas delivery layer) 14 made of a non-woven polypropylene mesh (column 6, lines 31-33). Cote is silent as to a fluoropolymer coating onto the porous membrane 12. EP'823 discloses a porous PTFE article for diffusing gas into aqueous liquids having surfaces coated with the fluoropolymer composition to provide heat and chemical resistance (abstract, page 7, lines 19-21). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to apply a coating of fluoropolymer on the surface of the microporous membrane of Cote motivated by the desire to increase heat and chemical resistance of the membrane.

Allowable Subject Matter

11. Claim 33 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims. None of the prior art discloses or suggests an apparatus comprising a structure recited in claim 29 on which there are microchannels in the base that extend the length of the flow channels.

Art Unit: 1771

Conclusion

12.Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Hai Vo whose telephone number is (703) 605-4426. The examiner can normally be reached on Tue-Fri, 8:30-6:00 and on alternating Mondays.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Terrel Morris can be reached on (703) 308-2414. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 872-9310 for regular communications and (703) 872-9311 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0661.

HV May 6, 2003

TERREL MORRIS
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 1700

Page 8